The Most Difficult Command

The Love of God

- We are speaking today of the Love of God and what it demands of us God's love is not simply something that He does but it is something that He expects
- There are three aspects that we are going to look at today
- The first two we will look at briefly these will be a preface
- The third, the most difficult of the three, is where we will apply most of our time

So let's move on

1 The Love of God

a) We spoke earlier about God's attributes – the different aspects and qualities that make up the character of God

The bible declares that:

1 John 4:8

8 "..anyone who does not love does not know God, for God is love."

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Four verses the Apostle John make this statement

1 John 4:16

16 We know how much God **loves** us, and we have put our **trust** in his love.

God is love, and all who live in love live in God, and God lives in them.

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- i) Here again in verse **16** of first John the three times the English word **love** is used it is a translation of the Greek work **agape**
- ii) A limitless boundless love a love without conditions
- iii) A love that is infinite and eternal
- iv) This love with regards to God has no **beginning** and will have no **end**
- b) Love is one of the **essential** qualities of God
 - i) That means that this quality is **necessary** for God to be who He is
 - ii) The reverse is also true if God were not to have this **necessary** quality of love then He would **not** be who He is
- c) Both first John 4:8 and first John 4:16 make the statement: "God is love"
 - i) This is a far higher concept then if we were to say, "God loves"
 - ii) It is true that God loves
 - iii) But to say that God is love means that love is fundamental to who God is
 - iv) Thus everything that flows from God's character flows from His "perfect love" which is lacking in nothing
 - v) There is not **one thing** that comes from God that comes **apart** from His love **because** love is **essential** to who He is
- d) God must love us first
 - i) This perfect eternal love of God then must come first to His human creatures from Him
 - ii) Simply because we were **unable** to love Him nor did we **care** to do so in our **fallen** state

- iii) Love is **formed** in relationship and **no** relationship was possible outside of **God** reaching out to us This means **that** we were unable to **Love** God **until** He revealed Himself to us in a **personal** way
- iv) This is still the case for "those that do not know Him"

1 John 4:10

10 This is **real** love—not that we **loved** God, but that he **loved** us and **sent** his Son as a sacrifice to take **away** our sins. NLT

2 What is to be our response to the gift of God's love?

- This whole discussion should cause us to think about our response to the "true knowledge" of God's love
- How can we even consider loving as the members of the Trinity not only love each other but love us as
 well
- God's love is eternally perfect eternally vast immeasurable and eternally without conditions
- There is no "I will love you if" in God's love
- Therefore although this immense endless love demands a response what type of response can we issue to Him?
- How can we as God's human creatures reply to a love of eternal value with something far less worthy?
- Yet this **agape** this **love** is an **attribute** (a **characteristic**) of God that He **does** to some extent **share** with us
- a) Are we commanded to love God in the same way that He loves us?

Listen to the response of the Lord Jesus to the questioning of the Pharisees

Matt 22:34-40

34 But when the Pharisees heard that he had **silenced** the Sadducees with his reply, they met together to **question** him again. 35 One of them, an **expert** in religious law, tried to trap him with this question: 36 "**Teacher**, which is the most **important** commandment in the law of Moses?" 37 Jesus replied, "'You must **love** the LORD your God with all your **heart**, all your **soul**, and all your **mind**.' 38 This is the first and **greatest** commandment. 39 A second is **equally** important: 'Love your **neighbor** as yourself.' 40 The entire **law** and all the **demands** of the prophets are **based** on these two commandments."

i) Our Lord drew here from two passages in the Pentateuch – Which is the first five books of the Bible

In Deut 6:5-6 we hear

Deut 6:5-6

5 And you must **love** the Lord your God with all your **heart**, all your **soul**, and all your **strength**. 6 And you must **commit** yourselves **wholeheartedly** to these commands that I am giving you today. NLT

Jesus placed this together with Lev 19:18-19

Lev 19:18-19

18 "Do not seek revenge or bear a grudge **against** a fellow Israelite, but **love** your neighbor as yourself. I am the **Lord**.19 "You must **obey** all my decrees.

NLT

- ii) No righteous Jew and especially a teacher of the law would dispute the authority of these two passages
- iii) Our Lord **tells** the Pharisee that **if** Israel were to obey these two commandments **completely** and follow them **fully** this would mean **that** in principle they would then be **obeying** "**all** that the law and the **prophets** demanded"
- iv) This command is **not** made easier when we understand that the word **Love** in the Greek is *agapao* which is the word from which we **derive** the word *agape*
- v) Therefore we are commanded to love as God loves not only God Himself but all humankind
- b) Jesus tells us that we are to Love our God This is the first and greatest commandment
 - i) With all our **heart** with all our **soul** and with all our **mind**
 - ii) This expression is simply a Hebrew phrase for loving completely with our entire being
 - iii) We are to love God fully without reservations without conditions
 - iv) This means that we are commanded to love God without expecting anything in return
 - v) And along with that we are to love those that we come in contact with all humanity as we are to love God We are commanded to love them as He loves us
 - vi) Let's look at the Apostle Paul's view of loving our neighbor

Rom 13:8-10

8 Owe nothing to **anyone—except** for your obligation to **love** one another. If you love your **neighbor**, you will fulfill the **requirements** of God's law. 9 For the **commandments** say, "You must **not** commit adultery. You must **not** murder. You must **not** steal. You must **not** covet." **These—**and **other** such commandments—are **summed** up in this **one** commandment: "Love your **neighbor** as yourself." 10 Love does **no** wrong to others, so love **fulfills** the requirements of God's law.

NLT

- (1) Why is it that Paul says that "loving your neighbor" is the sum of the other commandments?
 - (a) It is because **true** love never **wrongs** another
 - (b) Therefore each of the other **commandments** that had to do with sins against our **fellow** man were **completed** in love
- (2) The word used for love in this passage is **exactly** the word that is used in 2 Peter 1:7
- (3) Paul explains that we have an **obligation** from God to **love** as He loves
- (4) This love is seen in a social context
 - (a) We are not to commit adultery committing sin with our neighbors wife or husband
 - (b) We are not to **murder robbing** our neighbor of his or her life
 - (c) We are not to **steal robbing** our neighbor of his or her possessions
 - (d) We are not to **jealously desire** the things that our neighbor **has** whether this might be his or her **possessions** or his or her **wife** or **husband**
 - (e) These are all to be understood under our Lord's **definition** of neighbor
 - (f) We are to do **no wrong** to others (meaning everyone we come in **contact** with
 - (g) It is this type of agape that fulfills the requirements of God's law

If all this that we have learned concerning agape was not challenging enough – there is one more subject that we need to visit before we end this segment

3 Loving your enemies

- It would be less difficult to prove our love for God if that proof just depended on our relationship with Him alone
- It becomes much more **challenging** if we need to **add** to that proof our **treatment** of our neighbor our treatment of **everyone** that we come in contact with

But even this is nothing when compared to the command to "love our enemies"

Listen to our Lord from a passage on His discourse concerning the demands of kingdom law.

This mode of thinking is **far** higher than God's **previously** declared law under the **Old** Testament economy – it holds us **accountable** to the **Spirit** and **intent** of the former law

It holds us accountable to the heavenly standard of God's holy will concerning our heart and character

Matt 5:43-47

43 "You have heard that it was said, **'Love** your friends, **hate** your enemies.' 44 But **now** I tell you: **love** your enemies and **pray** for those who persecute you, 45 so that you may **become** the **sons** of your Father in heaven. For he makes his **sun** to shine on bad **and** good people alike, and gives **rain** to those who do **good** and to those who do **evil**. 46 Why should God **reward** you if you love only the people who love **you**? Even the **tax** collectors do that! 47 And if you speak only to your **friends**, have you done anything out of the **ordinary**? Even the **pagans** do that! 48 You must be **perfect** — just as your Father in heaven is **perfect**. TEV

- a) Jesus tells His audience "you have heard that it was said, 'Love your friends, hate your enemies."
 - i) Yet the Scripture only contains the phrase, "Love you neighbor as yourself"

Listen to Leviticus nineteen verses eighteen through nineteen again

Lev 19:18-19

18 "Do not seek **revenge** or bear a **grudge** against a fellow Israelite, but **love** your neighbor as yourself. I am the Lord.19 "You must **obey** all my decrees.

NLT

- ii) The question is **then** where did the phrase "hate your enemies" come from?
 - (1) Rather than stressing the **hatred** of one's enemies even the **Old** Covenant stressed **kind** treatment of those that had **chosen** to treat you unkindly

Ex 23:4-5

4 "If you come upon your **enemy's** ox or **donkey** that has strayed away, take it **back** to its owner. 5 If you see that the **donkey** of someone who **hates** you has **collapsed** under its load, do not **walk** by. **Instead**, stop and help.

NLT

Prov 25:21-22

1 If your enemies are **hungry**, give them **food** to eat.

If they are **thirsty**, give them **water** to drink. 22 You will heap burning **coals** of shame on their heads,and the **Lord** will reward you.

NLT

- (2) The Israelites **knew** that if they treated with **respect** those who **disrespected** them it would **please** God and **hopefully** convict the one that **hated** them to **change** their behavior
- iii) So if this was the **case** as far as God's will was **outlined** in Scripture then where did the "**hate** your enemies" **phrase** come from?
- iv) It seems **evident** that this must have been the **established** teaching during the **time** that our Lord moved among His **people** in His **natural** body

- (1) There are some **passages** in the Old Testament that show the **feelings** of righteous Jews that were **struggling** with those that hated them
- (2) Even King David who had many enemies would make statements such as the one in Psalm One Thirty Nine

Ps 139:19-20

19 O God, if only you **would** destroy the wicked! Get out of my **life**, you murderers! 20 They **blaspheme** you; your enemies **misuse** your name.

- (3) Anyone who has ever had to deal with those who **constantly** show evil intent for your life might then express **feelings** like King David did
- (4) There are many places in the word that show similar incidents
- (5) Yet there is **no** where in Scripture where we are commanded to "hate our enemies"
- v) Yet this phrase must have been **common** and familiar to those that Jesus was speaking to at the time
 - (1) It could have even been **taught** by those in authority to **those** that did not verify the accuracy of the statement by **comparing** it to the word of God
 - (2) In any **case** it seemed to be an **ordinary**, if not **widespread** teaching at the time for Jesus to **deal** with it in His conversation
- b) Rather than hating these that **persecuted** them Jesus **tells** His audience that it was the **will** of the Father that they **pray** for their persecutors instead
 - i) The word that is translated "persecute" in the Greek means "to insult or treat abusively"
 - ii) It also means "to falsely accuse" someone
 - iii) This same word that is translated "persecute in Matt 5:44 is used in 1st Peter

Listen to 1 Peter chapter three verse sixteen in the Amplified Version – so that we get the full force of the statement

1 Peter 3:16

16 [And see to it **that**] your conscience is **entirely** clear (unimpaired), so **that**, when you are **falsely accused** as evildoers, those who **threaten** you abusively and **revile** your right behavior in Christ may come to be **ashamed** [of slandering your good lives].

AMP

The word that is here translated *falsely accused* is the same word that is translated *persecute* in Matt 5:48

- iv) Our Lord Jesus tells His audience that they are to pray for those that treat them this way
 - (1) An example of this can be found in the life of the Lord Jesus Himself
 - (2) **Jesus** as He **hung** on the cross **experiencing** greater anguish and torture than **any** of us will ever know **still** was willing to **pray** for the **forgiveness** of those that had placed Him there

Luke 23:32-34

32 Two others, both **criminals**, were led out to be **executed** with him. 33 When they came to a place called The **Skull**, they nailed him to the cross. And the criminals were **also** crucified—one on **his** right and one on **his** left.34 Jesus **said**, "Father, **forgive** them, for they don't **know** what they are doing." And the soldiers **gambled** for his clothes by throwing dice. NLT

Even while our Lord hung **suspended** there – on that **instrument** of Roman torture in **unimaginable** pain – **suffocating** from the liquid **filling** His lungs – He **prayed** for His **persecutors**

They, on the other hand, remained **cold** and unmoved – they even made **fun** of Him all the more – They even became **indignant** and **offended** in their **self**-righteousness

Luke 23:35-39

35 The crowd watched and the leaders **scoffed** (cf. Psalm 22). "He **saved** others," they said, "let him save **himself** if he is really **God's** Messiah, the **Chosen** One." 36 The **soldiers** mocked him, too, by offering him a **drink** of sour wine. 37 They **called** out to him, "If you are the **King** of the Jews, **save** yourself!" 38 A sign was fastened to the **cross** above him with these words: "**This** is the King of the Jews."

39 One of the criminals hanging beside him **scoffed**, "So you're the **Messiah**, are you? **Prove** it by saving yourself—**and** us, **too**, **while** you're at it!"

- v) We might say to ourselves "**Yes** but that was the Lord He is **God** He was **capable** of doing something like that"
 - (1) I am not **able** I am just a **man**
 - (2) I am not able I am just a woman
 - (3) Yet we have another example in the New Testament of one that was willing to follow the example of his Lord

Stephen stood up to the **religious** leaders of Jerusalem – **pronouncing** on them their sin. **Because** of this they became **greatly** angry

The religious leaders of Jerusalem **dragged** our brother Stephen out of the city and **began** shower him with **heavy** stones to end his life.

While they were in the process of murdering Stephen - he called out in prayer to the Lord God

Acts 7:59-60

"Lord Jesus, **receive** my spirit." 60 He fell to his knees, **shouting**, "**Lord**, don't **charge** them with this sin!" And with that, he died.

NLT

Paul not **yet** an apostle – still going by his Hebrew name **Saul** was among the crowd as Stephen was **dragged** to the place of his death.

Acts 7:58 tells us

Acts 7:58

They rushed at him (Stephen) 58 and dragged him out of the **city** and began to stone him. His accusers took off their **coats** and laid them at the **feet** of a young man named Saul. NLT

In Acts 8:1 we learn that Saul (who later became Paul the apostle) totally approved of Stephen's murder

Acts 8:1

8 Saul was one of the **witnesses**, and he **agreed completely** with the killing of Stephen.

NLT

Yet some years later after the Lord Jesus had **shown** Paul – now an Apostle – how **much** he would **suffer** for His name – Paul penned the following words...

Eph 5:1-2

5 Imitate God, **therefore**, in **everything** you do, **because** you are his **dear** children. 2 Live a life **filled** with love, following the **example** of Christ. He **loved** us and **offered** himself as a sacrifice for us, a **pleasing** aroma to God.

NLT

The Apostle Paul had now **learned** – what Stephen, at his death **understood** all those **years** before – To live a life **filled** with love – following the **example** of his Lord and Savior

Around the year 66 the Apostle Paul **also** gave his **life** as a martyr in a **Roman** prison – his head being **taken** off for the Gospel – for his **Lord** Jesus – and for his **Love** of God

This is the type of love and forgiveness that the Lord God expects of us

- We once too were enemies of the cross of Christ
- We once too were enemies of God
- Yet while we were still in sin and deserved death because of our actions
- Our Father sent His Son to be a sacrifice on our behalf to pay the debt that we could not pay
- That we too might be His sons and daughters that we might share eternity with Him
- How can we understand that type of love
- Yet we are now to die to ourselves
- We are to die to our plans
- We are to die to our goals
- We are to die to the things in the world that cause us to loose track of Him

We should cry out with Paul

Gal 2:20-21

20 My old self has been **crucified** with Christ. It is no longer I who live, but **Christ** lives in me. So I **live** in this earthly body by **trusting** in the Son of God, who **loved** me and **gave** himself for me.

We are to **live** to **God** and His righteousness – we are to **allow** Christ to live His life in us **and** through us We are to **allow** the love of God to **flow** from us to a world that so **desperately** needs Him

- This is because the Father has **showered** upon us an incredible love
- One without judgment
- One without conditions
- One that is limitless
- One that will never end
- He has claimed us as His children
- And on the day that Christ comes He will gather us to Himself

Lord, I give up All my own plans and purposes, All my own desires and hopes And accept Thy will for my life. I give myself, my life, my all,

Utterly to Thee
To be Thine forever.
Fill me and seal me with Thy Holy Spirit.
Use me as Thou wilt,
Send me where Thou wilt,
Work out Thy whole will in my life
At any cost,
Now and forever.
- Betty Scott Stam (Martyred in China, in the 1930s)

Paul tells us in 1 Corinthians chapter thirteen verses one through thirteen

1 Cor 13

13 If I could speak all the languages of **earth** and of angels, but didn't **love** others, I would only be a **noisy** gong or a **clanging** cymbal. 2 If I had the **gift** of prophecy, and if I understood **all** of God's secret plans and **possessed** all knowledge,

and if I had such **faith** that I could **move** mountains, but didn't **love** others, I would be nothing. 3 If I gave **everything** I have to the poor and even **sacrificed** my body, I could **boast** about it; but if I didn't **love** others, I would have **gained** nothing.

4 Love is **patient** and **kind**. Love is **not jealous** or **boastful** or **proud** 5 or **rude**. It does not **demand** its own way. It is not **irritable**, and it keeps **no record** of **being** wronged. 6 It does not **rejoice** about injustice but **rejoices** whenever the truth wins out. 7 Love **never** gives up, **never** loses faith, is **always** hopeful, and **endures** through every circumstance.

8 **Prophecy** and **speaking** in unknown **languages** and **special** knowledge will become **useless**. But **love** will last forever! 9 Now our **knowledge** is partial and **incomplete**, and even the **gift** of prophecy reveals only **part** of the whole picture! 10 But when **full** understanding comes, these **partial** things will become useless.

11 When I was a **child**, I spoke and **thought** and **reasoned** as a child. But when I **grew** up, I put **away** childish things. 12 Now we see things **imperfectly** as in a **cloudy** mirror, but then we will see **everything** with **perfect** clarity. All that I know now is **partial** and **incomplete**, but then I will know **everything** completely, just as God now **knows** me completely.

13 Three things will last forever—faith, hope, and love—and the greatest of these is love. NLT

Praise Him for the majesty of His love

Question: Are you willing to show your love of God – by loving God – by loving your neighbor – by loving your enemies – by laying down your life?